## EQUAL PARTS SPOOKY & SAFE

MAKE SURE YOUR HALLOWEEN IS



Halloween is just around the corner, featuring costumes, sweets, tricks

and treats for all ages. Amid all of the fun, it's important to make safety a

Swords, knives and other costume accessories should be short, soft and tlexible. Avoid trick-or-treating alone. Walk in groups or with a trusted adult. Fasten reflective tape to costumes and bags to help drivers see you.

- Examine all treats for choking hazards and tampering before eating them. Limit the amount of treats you eat.
- Hold a flashlight while trick-or-treating to help you see and others see you. Always walk and don't run from house to house.
- possible skin and eye irritation. Look both ways before crossing the street. Use established crosswalks when available.

Lower your risk for serious eye injuries by not wearing decorative contact

Always test make-up in a small area first. Remove it before bedtime to prevent

Only walk on sidewalks whenever possible, or on the far edge of the road facing traffic to stay safe. Wear well-fitting masks, costumes and shoes to avoid blocked vision, trips

lenses.

- and falls. Eat only factory-wrapped treats. Avoid eating homemade treats made by strangers.
- Enter homes only if you're with a trusted adult. Only visit well-lit houses. Never accept rides from strangers. Never walk near lit candles or luminaries. Be sure to wear flame-resistant costumes.



and stadium tailgates as you gather with friends and family to

or managing diabetes.

can worsen your symptoms.

on game day:

affects you.

Association.

cheer your favorite team on to victory. Good food is a must when

you're tailgating, but you should also expect to encounter a sizable selection of alcoholic beverages. Deciding whether or not to drink

can be a challenging issue for those who are watching their weight

If you have diabetes and want to drink alcohol, here are a few tips

Check with your doctor to determine whether it is safe for you to

drink alcohol. For example, if you have neuropathy, drinking alcohol

Always eat food if you plan to drink alcoholic beverages. Don't drink

on an empty stomach. Alcohol is processed differently than food

from the American Diabetes Association to make sure you stay safe

## and can cause low blood glucose levels. Because of the calories in alcoholic beverages, many people try to cut back on their food intake. This is a mistake and can increase your risk of severe hypoglycemia, particularly if you take insulin or a pill that lowers blood glucose levels.

Stick to no more than 2 drinks or less per day for men and 1 drink or

To stay safe, check your blood glucose levels to see how alcohol

1.5 ounces of distilled spirits or 5 ounces of wine.

less per day for women. For reference, a drink is 12 ounces of beer,

 Keep in mind that any alcohol you drink can cause you to make poor decisions when it comes to your diet. You can still enjoy a drink or two, but stay in control and do your best to make healthy choices.

Alcoholic drinks can also be high in calories and they'll add up quickly when you have more than one drink. Stay away from sugary mixers and drinks like punch, margaritas and heavy beers. Lighter options include light beer or wine spritzers. Be sure that non-alcoholic drinks are available. Whether it's Crystal Light lemonade or diet soda, bring your favorite zero-calorie drink so you have another beverage option.

Click here for more healthy tips from the American Diabetes

**Ingrown Nails** – caused by improper trimming, fungus infection or poor foot structure. This condition results in the corners or sides of the nails painfully digging into the skin.

OF THE MONTH

Backpacks should be worn on both shoulders and with the straps pulled tight so the end of the pack sits above your student's waist. Wider and heavier books should be packed toward the back portion of the backpack and,

A PODIATRIST? DR. CRAIG ИАГАМОНТ DPM, FACFAS DR. SHINE

skin.

peeling.

discomfort.

THREE LAKES

physical therapy & wellness center

WHEN SHOULD

You should call a podiatrist anytime you

experience pain, discomfort, or notice changes

in your feet. Key indicators include:

• You have persistent pain in your feet or ankles.

• You see noticeable changes to your nails or

• Your feet are severely cracking, scaling, or

Your toenail is getting thicker and causing you

· You have heel pain accompanied by a fever,

• There are blisters on your feet.

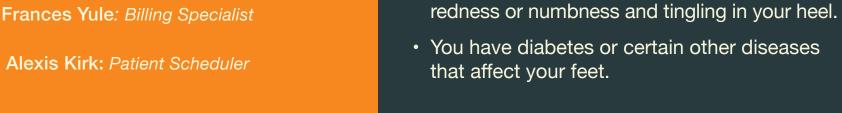


Corns – resulting from the repeated rubbing against a bony area of the foot or against a shoe, this condition leads to hard and painful patches of dead skin cells. Plantar Fasciitis – often confused with heel spurs, this condition results from inflammation and irritation in the tissue connecting the ball of the foot to the heel. Gout – caused by a build up of uric acid in the joint tissues. This condition results in heat and swelling in the big toe with pain experienced at the slightest touch.

Bunions – caused by heredity, arthritis or trauma. This condition

presents as a crooked big toe joint that sticks out at the base of the toe,

causing the big toe to point inward which leads to pain when confined in



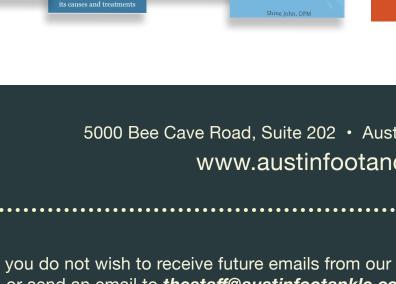
BIRTHDRY GREETINGS!

## Choose from four books offering helpful tips and treatments for diabetic foot care, running,

These great resources were written by the knowledgeable doctors of Austin Foot and Diabetes and HEEL PAIN (EEP RUNNING Ankle Specialists.

www.austinfootandankle.com

5000 Bee Cave Road, Suite 202 · Austin, TX 78746 · (512) 328-8900 If you do not wish to receive future emails from our office, please *Click Here to Unsubscribe* 



CLICK HERE

**CLICK HERE** FOR YOUR FREE BOOKS NOW!

or send an email to *thestaff@austinfootankle.com* with Unsubscribe as the subject line.

With the school year now in full swing, how do I keep my kids from hurting their back with all those books? if available, the cross strap should be buckled across the chest. After the pack is removed, students should squeeze their shoulder blades together to stretch and strengthen the muscles used when carrying the school load. Feel free to contact Three Lakes Physical Therapy if your student complains of pain.

MEET THE

JOHN

DPM, FACFAS

Tana Hager: PMAC, Assistant Office Manager

Monica Velez: Surgical Scheduler, Trainer

Karin Jung: Medical Assistant

Esra Abu-Esba: Medical Assistant

a shoe.

Lindsey Ryder: Medical Assistant Joshua Hernando: Clinical Coordinator

> those that mean the most to you. If you don't receive your birthday greeting but would like to in the future,

YOU MEAN THE WORLD TO US!

We cherish the friend and family referrals you send our way each month! We hope that you will continue to trust our team with managing the foot health of

heel pain and general foot pain.

Look for a special email in your inbox when your birthday rolls around, created just for you! please visit our Contact Page and let us know the date! FOR A LIMITED TIME!